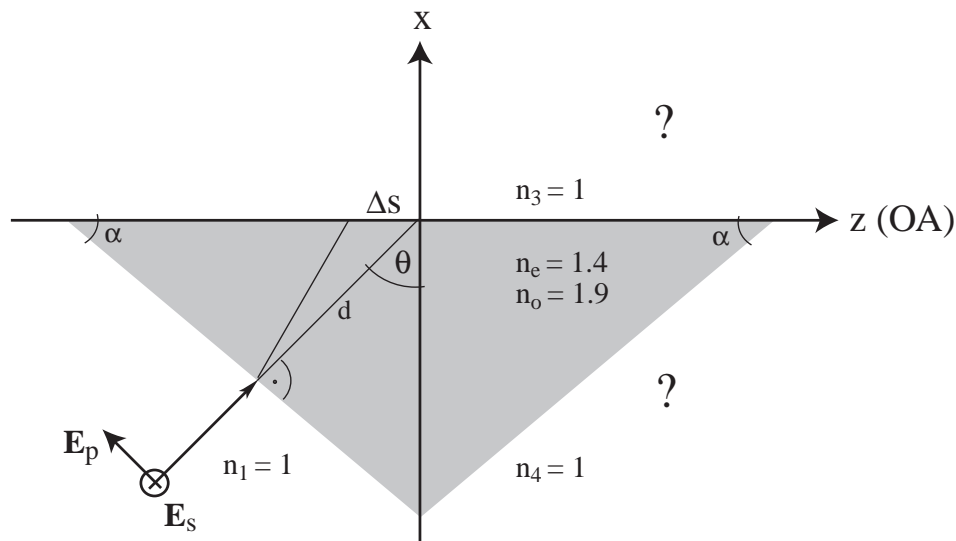


### 1 Reflection from the surface of a uniaxial crystal

A uniaxial crystal ( $n_o = 1.9$ ,  $n_e = 1.4$ ) in the shape of a prism is irradiated by an unpolarized plane wave as shown in the figure below. The incident field  $\mathbf{E}$  can be decomposed into an s-polarized wave and a p-polarized wave. The optical axis of the crystal is parallel to the upper surface of the crystal.



- Determine the displacement  $\Delta s$  between o-ray and e-ray as a function of  $\theta$  and  $d$ .
- Determine the angular range  $\theta$  for which the o-ray, the e-ray or both undergo total internal reflection.
- Is there an angle  $\theta$  for which one wave is totally transmitted and the other totally reflected?
- For  $\theta = 35^\circ$  calculate the angles of propagation of the transmitted and reflected rays outside the crystal.